

#### **Research Report**

# **LENA Grow and Self-Esteem in Young Children**

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By age 5, children have already developed a keen sense of self-esteem.<sup>1</sup> Therefore, the infant, toddler, and preschool years are a critical period for nurturing healthy self-confidence in children.

In this report, we examine the role conversational turns may play in a child's early development of self-esteem. We also examine the role LENA Grow — a professional development program designed to increase interactions between teachers and children — may play in supporting self-esteem among children in early childhood education settings.



**Conversational turns**, also known as serve-andreturn interactions, have previously been linked to brain structure<sup>2</sup> and function,<sup>3</sup> healthy social skills,<sup>4</sup> higher IQ scores,<sup>5</sup> literacy skills,<sup>6</sup> and preschool vocabulary.<sup>7</sup>

# Finding 1: Participation in LENA Grow increases child-initiated conversational turns

Conversational turns are either teacher-initiated or child-initiated. Child-initiated turns can be considered a sign of high self-esteem.

Children who initiated fewer conversational turns than their peers prior to LENA Grow experienced large increases in child-initiated conversational turns after LENA Grow. Children with low child-initiated turns moved from the 7<sup>th</sup> to the 21<sup>st</sup> percentile, and children with very low child-initiated turns moved from the 3<sup>rd</sup> to the 15<sup>th</sup> percentile.

			Mean CI-TPH		Change Statistics		
Sample	N	% of All	Before LENA Grow	After LENA Grow	t	p-value	Cohen's d
Low CI-TPH (1 SD)	4,406	16%	2.8	6.0	57.99	<.001	1.79
Very Low CI-TPH (1.5 SD)	1,411	5%	1.5	5.1	39.25	<.001	2.93

Total Sample = 25,854; Age Range: 2-60 months; CI-TPH = Child-Initiated Turns Per Hour

## Finding 2: Conversational turns are predictive of self-esteem

Children who were rated as "very frequently" showing confidence on the Devereux Early Childhood Assessment (DECA)\* experienced significantly higher numbers of conversational turns.

Children Rated 0-3			Children Rated 4			Independent Samples T-Test				
N	Mean TPH	SD	N	Mean TPH	SD	Diff	t	df	Sig.	ES
82	24.01	13.70	21	30.94	13.48	6.93	2.08	101	0.040	0.510

Age Range: 12-67 months, mean age 43 months; TPH = Turns Per Hour

## Finding 3: Participation in LENA Grow increases self-esteem

After being in a LENA Grow classroom, children were more likely to be rated as "very frequently" exhibiting indications of high self-esteem.

	% of Sample Rated "Very Frequently"						
DECA Item	Before LENA Grow	After LENA Grow	Difference				
5	20.4%	35.0%	+14.6%				
7	19.4%	26.2%	+6.8%				
10	8.7%	22.3%	+13.6%				

DECA Item	Before LENA Grow	After LENA Grow	Difference
13	27.2%	47.6%	+20.4%
15	27.2%	47.6%	+20.4%
31	23.1%	46.2%	+23.1%
33	11.5%	23.1%	+11.6%

N = 206; Age Range: 12-67 months

\*Devereux Early Childhood Assessment (DECA) Items

5: Shows confidence in his/her abilities (for instance, says "I can do it!")

7: Keeps trying when unsuccessful (shows persistence) 10: Tries different ways to solve a problem

13: Tries or asks to try new things or activities

15: Starts or organizes play with other children

31: Makes decisions for himself/herself

33: Chooses to do a task that was hard for him/her

**DECA Ratings** 

0: Never 1: Rarely

2: Occásionally

3: Frequently

4: Very frequently

#### The Results Are Powerful

A young child's self-esteem is linked to how many conversational turns they experience and LENA Grow has a positive impact on self-esteem.

To learn more about how you can increase conversational turns that lead to better outcomes for children in your care, **visit LENA.org.** 

#### Citations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Duncan, R. J., Anderson, K. L., King, Y. A., Finders, J. K., Schmitt, S. A., & Purpura, D. J. (2022). Predictors of preschool language environments and their relations to children's vocabulary. *Infant and Child Development*, 32(1). https://doi.org/10.1002/icd.2381



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Cvencek, D., Greenwald, A. G., & Meltzoff, A. N. (2016). Implicit measures for preschool children confirm self-esteem's role in maintaining a balanced identity. *Journal of Experimental Social Psychology*, 62, 50–57. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jesp.2015.09.015

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Romeo, R. R., Segaran, J., Leonard, J. A., Robinson, S. T., West, M. R., Mackey, A. P., Yendiki, A., Rowe, M. L., & Gabrieli, J. D. E. (2018). Language exposure relates to structural neural connectivity in childhood. *The Journal of Neuroscience*, 38(36), 7870–7877. https://doi.org/10.1523/jneurosci.0484-18.2018

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Romeo, R. R., Leonard, J. A., Robinson, S. T., West, M. R., Mackey, A. P., Rowe, M. L., & Gabrieli, J. D. (2018). Beyond the 30-million-Word Gap: Children's conversational exposure is associated with language-related brain function. *Psychological Science*, 29(5), 700–710. https://doi.org/10.1177/0956797617742725

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Gómez, E., & Strasser, K. (2021). Language and socioemotional development in early childhood: The role of conversational turns. *Developmental Science*, 24(5). https://doi.org/10.1111/desc.13109

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Gilkerson, J., Richards, J. A., Warren, S. F., Oller, D. K., Russo, R., & Vohr, B. (2018). Language experience in the second year of life and Language Outcomes in late childhood. *Pediatrics*, 142(4). https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2017-4276

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Weiss, Y., Huber, E., Ferjan Ramírez, N., Corrigan, N. M., Yarnykh, V. L., & Kuhl, P. K. (2022). Language input in late infancy scaffolds emergent literacy skills and predicts reading related white matter development. *Frontiers in Human Neuroscience*, 16. https://doi.org/10.3389/fnhum.2022.922552